

# 1. Use it to put your CV/Resume in context with the position or organisation

While your CV/Resume sets out the skills you have, your covering letter more explicitly **presents your motivation and adaptability**.

### 2. Research the company before you write your cover letter

**Show early** on in your cover letter **that you know something about the company** at which you're applying to work.

### **3. Content**

### **Briefly introduce yourself**

- State the post you are applying for and where you saw it advertised

- For a speculative letter, specify the type of word you are looking for

**Explain why you are interested** in this type of work and in working for this particular employer.

**Highlight what makes you suitable for this position**, provide evidence of your key strengths reflect their requirements.

**Respectfully request an interview** or an opportunity for an informal discussion, why not by phone.

End your cover letter on a professional note.

### 4. Think from the employer's perspective rather than your own

**Tell them what you can contribute** to the organization rather than how it can benefit you.

It gives you a chance to build upon your CV/resume in order to **tell potential employers** not only what you've done in the past, but also **what you will do—for them—in the future**.

## 5. Be honest

### 6. Do not stand a standard letter with only the key details changed

### 7. Adress your letter to a named person

Even if this means you have to phone the company to ask for the name of the person who deals with recruitment.

### 8. Good cover letters are short and sweet

Short sentences, no more than one page.

### 9. Ensure there are no errors and spelling mistakes

### **10. Edit your resume cover letter before you send it**

Make sure your cover letter is laid out professionally and formatted appropriately.